



- •(Re)vitalization occurs when capital and resources are (re)organized to produce desired outcomes. The ability of rural communities to do this in an appropriate and successful fashion is what we refer to as the community's capacity.
- Capital
- •Human-made assets

Objectives

- How do HHs use assets and resources to achieve valued outcomes?
 - Special focus on home care
- How does the NRE impact on that process?
 - Special focus on agricultural transitions
- What is the role of social cohesion in the process?
- Generalize to each site
- Compare by site characteristics

Information Required

- · Assets and resources of the HH
 - · How have they changed?
- Valued outcomes
- Strategies used (capacity)
- Social cohesion: various indicators
- Home care
- Agricultural transition
- HH structure and relationship to the NRE

Information Required

- Assets and resources of the HH
 - •How have they changed?
 - Services
 - •Employment/income
 - Networks (social capital)
 - •Compare to community assets from earlier interviews
- Valued outcomes
 - Tradeoffs
 - •Dreams for the future
- Strategies used (capacity)
 - Response to stresses
 - Tradeoffs
 - Basic for capacity
- ·Social cohesion: various indicators
 - Networks
 - Participation
 - Perception
 - Buckner scale
- Home care
 - Services and stresses
- Agricultural transition
 - Employment
 - Stresses
 - Strategies
 - •outcomes
- •HH structure and relationship to the NRE

